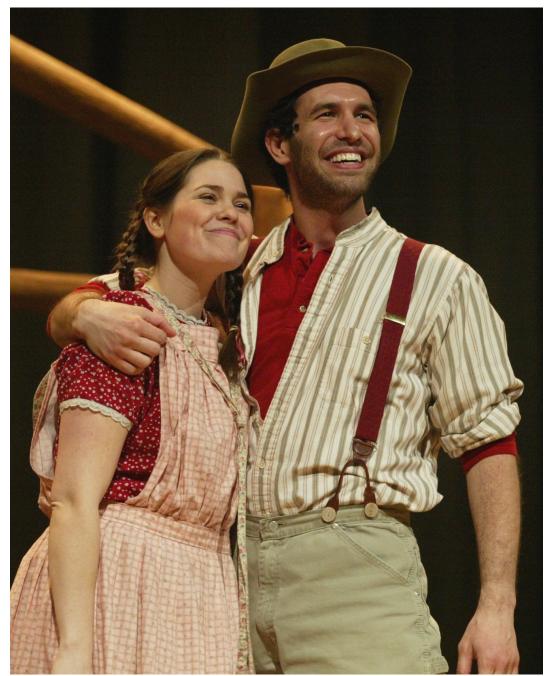


# Study Buddy



# Laura Ingalls Wilder

Growin' Up on the Prairie

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This performance study guide published by ArtsPower National Touring Theatre is designed to help your students prepare for, enjoy, and discuss Laura Ingalls Wilder: Growing Up on the Prairie. It contains background information and cross-curricular activities to complete both before and after the performance.

Inside this guide, you will find...

About the Play

The Ingalls Family's Travels

Meet Laura

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Backstage!

Design a Costume

Being an Audience Member & Resources

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Laura Ingalls Wilder: Growing Up on the Prairie; W ritten and Directed by Greg Gunning;
Musical Score by Richard DeRosa; Lyrics by Greg Gunning:
Incidental Music by Ron Drotos; Costumes by Fred P.
Sorrentino; Set by Red Dot Studios.

# FOR TEACHERS

Laura Ingalls Wilder: Growing Up on the Prairie is a musical play based on the childhood memories of American author Laura Ingalls Wilder.

## Before the performance:

- \* Read "The Play's Story" to your class.
- \* Have students complete Reproducible Page 3 to become familiar with the play's geography.
- \* Introduce the cast of characters and the theatrical term "doubling" discussed below.

### After the performance:

- \* Have students read Reproducible Page 4 to learn more about Laura Ingalls Wilder.
- \* Direct students to complete the writing activity on Reproducible Page 5, a personal reflection on a theme from the play.

# The Play's Story

Pioneering Spirit. That's the feeling of adventure and curiosity that drives the Ingalls family Westward, searching for a place to live. Laura Ingalls Wilder: Growing Up on the Prairie follows the Ingalls family-Pa, Ma, Mary, and Laura-as they travel in a covered wagon through America's frontier land in the 1870's and 1880's. As they travel, the Ingalls family builds new homes, battles swarms of grasshoppers, fights illness, and welcomes a new baby. As Laura grows up, she compares herself to her smart older sister, Mary. Laura loves to fish and catch gophers, but compared to Mary, does not feel that she is as skilled at reading or writing. She seeks to discover what she can do well. Through her pioneering spirit, Laura overcomes obstacles with her family and learns that she, too, has special talents.

# Doubling -

Theatre companies
often employ
actors to play
more than
one role in
a performance.

"Doubling" is a the-

atrical device you can introduce to your class.

Before the performance,

play's characters on the chalkboard.

list the

Cast of Characters (in order of appearance)

I. Laura Ingalis

2. Charles Ingalls - Laura's "Pa"

3. Caroline Ingalls - Laura's "Ma"

4. Mary Ingalls - Laura's older sister

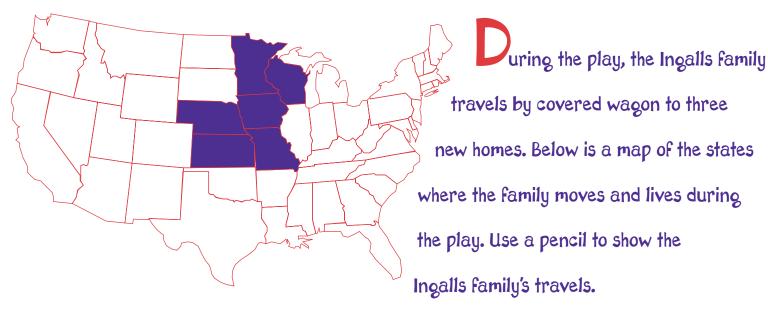
4.
a"
2.
3.
r sister

### 5. Nellie Owens - Laura's rival, when she moves to the Dakota Territory

Tell students, "During the performance, you will see four actors play five characters. One actor plays two characters. When an actor plays more than one character, we call that 'doubling.'" Ask students to predict which roles are doubled. (The actor who plays Mary "doubles" as Nellie Owens.)

During the performance, direct your students, "Watch for which roles are doubled and how the actor playing two roles shows that he or she becomes another character."

After the performance, discuss ways the actor showed that she became another character.



- Draw a little house in Wisconsin.
- 2. Trace a line to show the family's travels through Iowa and Missouri to Kansas.
- Draw a little house in Kansas. 3.
- Trace a line to show the journey through Nebraska and Iowa to Minnesota.
- Draw a little house in Minnesota. Connect it to a final little house in the Dakota Territory.



# BOOKS by Laura Ingalls Wilder LITTLE HOUSE IN THE BIG WOODS LITTLE HOUSE ON THE PRAIRIE

Laura Elizabeth Ingalls

Laura Elizabeth Ingalls was born in Wisconsin on



February 7, 1867. Like her father, she loved to travel.
Like her mother, she loved to read. Laura was the best student in her school. At fifteen years old, she was hired to be a teacher.
Because she was younger than other teachers, she

was not allowed to tell anyone how old she was.

At eighteen, she married Almanzo ("Manly") Wilder, and at nineteen, she had her first child, Rose. When Laura was over sixty years old, she began to write about her childhood life on the prairie. These memories became the Little House books. The titles of her books are on the cut-out bookmark.

To make your own bookmark, cut along the dotted line. Take your bookmark to the library. Find and enjoy Laura Ingalls Wilder's books!

ON THE BANKS OF PLUM CREEK BY THE SHORES OF SILVER LAKE

THE LONG WINTER

**FARMER BOY** 

LITTLE
TOWN ON THE PRAIRIE

THESE HAPPY GOLDEN YEARS

THE FIRST FOUR YEARS

Lines are words that actors memorize and speak to tell a play's story. Here are lines spoken by Laura and Pa during the play.

LAURA: Hey, Pa? What's the one thing I'm good at - that nobody else can do?

PA: Huh?

**LAURA:** Mary's the smartest. But who am I?

(teasing her) You're a Half-pint!

LAURA: (frustrated) Pa!

Laura searched until she found that she was good at learning, writing, and teaching. What do you do well? Use the web, below, to organize your thoughts.

# I AM GOOD AT:

interested in this:	

How to	arn this	

•
How I feel
when I do this:

# Theatre Collaborators

- List the following theatre jobs on the chalkboard:
   Writer/Lyricist, Composer, Producer, Director, Costume Designer,
   Set Designer, Light and Sound Designer, Crew, Stage Manager
- 2. Read the following paragraph to your class.

"Theatre is a collaborative art: many people work together to create a play. The audience never sees many of the people who collaborate to make theatre. Collaborators include: the writer/lyricist, who writes the words the actors speak and sing; the composer, who writes the music; the producer, who provides money to fund the performance and supervises the play's creation; the director, who determines the overall desired effect/goal for the production; designers for costumes, scenery, lighting and sound; the crew who build and operate scenery, costumes, lighting, and sound; and the stage manager, who ensures that people and things get on and off stage at the proper time."

Discuss:

"What skills do you think are needed to perform each theatrical collaborator's job? Who would need to: be organized? draw well? enjoy hammering? speak well? be creative? lead a group? be strong?"

(There may be more than one "correct" answer for each question.)

"What job would you enjoy? Why?"

# Costume Design

Read the following paragraph to your students.

"Costumes support the play's setting in time and place, and provide clues about characters. Costumes tell the audience a lot about a character before a single word is uttered. They reveal a character's age, time in history, occupation, social status, and attitudes. The costume designer plans costumes that will support a character's development."

Before the performance:

Direct students to complete the activity on Page 7

**3.** After the performance:

Discuss, "How were your drawings similar to/different from those seen in the play? How did the costumes you designed and those you saw in the play reveal characters' ages, time in history, social status and attitudes?"



# DESIGN A COSTUME

Use the dress pattern, below, along with the character descriptions and lines from the play, to design a costume for either Laura Ingalls or Nellie Owens.

Think about the character's time in history, social status, attitudes, and age. Consider colors, patterns, and clothing accents, like buttons, lace, or ribbons. Feel free to add accessories like a hat, gloves, or fan, if it suits the character.

LAURA is an energetic tomboy: likeable, fun-loving, quick-paced, determined and intelligent.

She loves new adventures
and is always ready to meet
new challenges.

NELLIE is a pretty, but stuck-up, snobbish, spoiled brat who "looks down her nose" at Laura.

BOTH GIRLS are around eleven years old.

# SCENE 4

It was about a three mile walk into the town of Walnut Grove. The walk was no problem. Of course, I hated school. But it was in town that I had the real problem.

# NELLIE

I don't associate with 'country girls'
who live in sod-houses.

# LAURA

Her name was Nellie Owens. Her father ran the general store.
She ran the town.

NATERIAL

HAVE FUN!

REPRODUCIBLE ACTIVITY PAGE

# FINAL NOTES

### The Audience

The audience is the final element in creating theatre. Until the audience arrives, a play is merely a rehearsal, not a performance.

"As an audience member, you play an important

role. At the beginning of the play, the theatre will become dark. This is your cue to become very quiet.

Because actors are in the same room, they—and other audience members—will become distracted if you make extra noise.

During the play, feel free to laugh or even to cry at what's happening in the story. After songs and at the end of the play, clap to show your appreciation for the performers.

Enjoy the play!"

# RESOURCES

### Children's books about Laura Ingalls Wilder:

Anderson, William. <u>Laura Ingalls Wilder: A Biography.</u> New York: Harper Collins, 1992. (Grades 4-6)

Blair, Gwenda. <u>Laura Ingalls Wilder.</u> New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons, 1981. (Grades 2-4)

Greene, Carol. <u>Laura Ingalls Wilder: Author of the Little House Books.</u> Chicago: Children's Press, 1990. (Grades 1-3)

Steine, Megan. <u>Laura Ingalls Wilder: Pioneer Girl.</u> New York, Dell Publishing, 1992. (Grades 3-4)

To obtain a mail order listing of classroom materials, send a self-addressed stamped envelope to:

Laura Ingalls Wilder Memorial Society Box 344 DeSmet, SD 57231 (605) 854-3383

Visit the Little House on the Prairie Home Page at: http://www.pinc.com/~jennslegg/index.htm.

To access ArtsPower's web site, type... WWW.artspower.org

